

Appl. No. 09/933,053

Amndt. dated January 19, 2004

Reply to Office action of November 19, 2003

Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

Claim 1 (currently amended): A process for producing a wear-resistant, tribological cylinder bearing surface for a piston running in a cylinder of a crankcase of an internal-combustion engine, the process which comprises:

positioning a laser such that a longitudinal axis of the laser is substantially coaxial to a cylinder of a crankcase of an internal-combustion engine;

rotating the laser about the longitudinal axis of the laser and simultaneously advancing the laser in a direction of the longitudinal axis of the laser;

feeding a powdery material through the laser and directing a jet of the powdery material to a cylinder bearing surface of the cylinder;

deflecting a laser beam to an impact region where the jet of the powdery material impinges on the cylinder bearing surface and guiding the jet of the powdery material such that at least

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part of the jet of the powdery material passes through the
laser beam; ~~and~~

at least partially melting, with the laser beam, a surface of
the impact region such that the surface of the impact region
is at least partially melted before the powdery material
impinges on the surface of the impact region; and

forming given structures in the cylinder bearing surface by
using an additional laser treatment.

Claim 2 (canceled).

Claim 3 (currently amended): The process according to claim
1, which comprises forming oil pockets in the cylinder bearing
surface by using ~~an~~ the additional laser treatment.

Claim 4 (original): The process according to claim 1, which
comprises using, as the powdery material, at least one
material selected from the group consisting of a silicon-
containing material, a tungsten-containing material and a
nickel-containing material.

Claim 5 (original): The process according to claim 1, which
comprises adjusting a laser energy such that the powdery

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material, which passes through the laser beam and is transported in the jet, is deposited on the cylinder bearing surface.

Claim 6 (original): The process according to claim 1, which comprises adjusting a laser energy such that the powdery material, which passes through the laser beam and is transported in the jet, is alloyed into the cylinder bearing surface.

Claim 7 (original): The process according to claim 1, which comprises adjusting a laser energy such that the powdery material, which passes through the laser beam and is transported in the jet, is alloyed into the cylinder bearing surface and is deposited on the cylinder surface.

Claim 8 (original): The process according to claim 1, which comprises selecting a given rotational speed for the step of rotating the laser about the longitudinal axis of the laser, selecting a given translational speed for the step of advancing the laser in the direction of the longitudinal axis of the laser and selecting a given laser energy such that the powdery material is deposited with a layer thickness of substantially 800 μm to 1000 μm .

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Claim 9 (original): The process according to claim 1, which comprises selecting a given rotational speed for the step of rotating the laser about the longitudinal axis of the laser, selecting a given translational speed for the step of advancing the laser in the direction of the longitudinal axis of the laser and selecting a given laser energy such that the powdery material is alloyed into the cylinder bearing surface with a penetration depth of substantially 250 μm and such that at the same time the powdery material is deposited with a layer thickness of substantially 250 μm .

Claim 10 (original): The process according to claim 1, which comprises operating the laser with a laser energy of substantially 2 kW.

Claim 11 (original): The process according to claim 1, which comprises advancing the laser such that the laser passes only once through the cylinder for performing operating steps.

Claim 12 (original): The process according to claim 1, which comprises advancing the laser such that the laser passes several times through the cylinder for performing operating steps.

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Claim 13 (currently amended): A device for producing a wear-resistant, tribological cylinder bearing surface in a cylinder of a crankcase of an internal-combustion engine, comprising:

a laser for providing a laser beam;

a powder feed device extending trough said laser;

said powder feed device being configured to guide a jet of a powdery material through the laser beam and to guide the jet of the powdery material to an impact region on a cylinder bearing surface where the powdery material impinges on the cylinder bearing surface; and

a beam-deflecting device operatively connected to said laser, said beam-deflecting device deflecting the laser beam onto the impact region where the powdery material impinges on the cylinder bearing surface; and

said laser being configured to provide an additional laser treatment for forming given structures in the cylinder bearing surface.

Claim 14 (original): The device according to claim 13, wherein said beam-deflecting device includes at least one

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optical device selected from the group consisting of a mirror,
a lens system and optical fibers.

Claim 15 (currently amended): In combination with a crankcase
having a cylinder, a device for producing a wear-resistant,
tribological cylinder bearing surface in the cylinder,
comprising:

a laser for providing a laser beam, said laser being
positioned coaxial with respect to the cylinder;

a powder feed device extending trough said laser;

said powder feed device being configured to guide a jet of a
powdery material through the laser beam and to guide the jet
of the powdery material to an impact region on a cylinder
bearing surface where the powdery material impinges on the
cylinder bearing surface; ~~and~~

a beam-deflecting device operatively connected to said laser,
said beam-deflecting device deflecting the laser beam onto the
impact region where the powdery material impinges on the
cylinder bearing surface; and

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said laser being configured to provide an additional laser treatment for forming given structures in the cylinder bearing surface.

Claim 16 (original). The device according to claim 15, wherein said beam-deflecting device includes at least one optical device selected from the group consisting of a mirror, a lens system and optical fibers.